

What to do if...

an agent or representative has registered a TM application in their own name without your consent?

Read our explainer







Article 2.2ter, (3)(b) Benelux Convention on Intellectual Property (BCIP) concerns the situation in which an agent or representative has filed or registered a trademark in his or her own name without consent.

This ground is rarely invoked, BOIP only rendered two decisions on this subject: Opposition 2015752, 4-11-2022 (Ô SAVEUR) Opposition 2016381, 22-08-2022 (NOORAYA)

This ground can **only** be invoked if **all** the following requirements are fulfilled:

 The opponent/claimant is the holder of an older trademark anywhere in the world.

There is/was a relationship with the

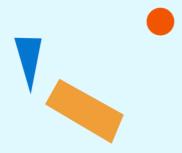
agent/representative.
 Registration is made in name of the agent/representative.

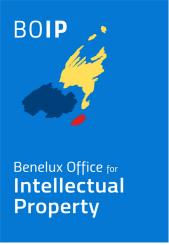
There was no consent for the

application.

 There is no legitimate reason for the application.

It concerns a sign and goods & services that are identical or similar.





The objective is to prevent misuse by agents/representatives by taking advantage of the knowledge they have because of their relationship with the TM holder.

You can read more about this in the cases:

'First Defense Aerosol Pepper Projector' of the EGC (13 April 2011, T-262/09).
'Mineral Magic' of the ECJ (11 November 2020, C-809/18 P).

Interesting topic, right? If so, give it a like!